

Angry students and citizens against the president

After Choe Soon-Sil scandal broke out in September, KMOU professors and students expressed their opinions in various methods.

Some professors hung banners insisting President Park Geun-Hye's resignation and criticizing the government including the Blue House and Saenuri party. Also, some students showed their furious emotions against the president and government with handwritten posts and pictures all over the campus, mostly in Oullim Hall and the College of International Studies.

On November 2, a meeting of student representatives was held in Oullim Hall to implement a march against the government. Every student participated in the pro and con vote, and the student council decided to have the march at this meeting. After the student representatives' meeting, the formal statement writings of students were posted in every building on campus.

On November 10, a declaration of professors and students, campus march and free speech session took place sequentially. First, at the anchor top at the entrance of the campus, about fifty professors and students gathered to declare the statement. After

the declaration speech of professors and students, they began to march around the whole campus with pickets and banners. Then a free speech session started at the hall in front of the College of Maritime Science. Students took turns at the microphone as other students listened.

Moreover, Busan residents were united and established an organization called Busan Unification for the Resignation of Park Geun-Hye. It includes about 100 different unities such as civil society organizations, labor unities and religious groups. They started the first union march in front of Judies Taehwa department store, in Seomyeon, on October 28, and they continued marching everyday at 7:30 pm in the same venue. On November 19, around 10,000 Busan residents gathered at Seomyeon and walked 4.2km along Judies Taehwa department store ~ Seomyeon intersection ~ Songgong three-way intersection ~ City hall ~ Yeonsan intersection. Also, university and younger students participated in the union marches.

By Ha Ye-Ryeong, Reporter, trinity1178@gmail.com

President Park and Choi the shaman



to aid her with her mother's support. This relationship lasted more than 40 years. Even month ago, Choi Soon-Sil, a daughter of Choi Tae-Min, manipulated President Park.

Recent investigations revealed that Choi Soon-Sil was responsible for masterminding governmental policy and decision making during Park's administration. And there were solid evidences that Choi was also given access to all kinds of documents in advance.

Also, Choi is under suspicion of bribing university and high school for her daughter, Jung Yoo-Ra. Jung is suspected of having received many illegal privileges, which apparently came from Choi's friendship with President Park.

On October 27, President Park Geun-Hye said that she will accept a prosecution investigation because of Choi Soon-Sil scandal, and even face an investigation by an independent counsel, if necessary. She became the first president facing an investigation by the prosecution in modern Korean history.

Cho Tae-Min, calling himself the equivalent of a modern-day Buddha or Dan-gun, Choi Tae-Min claimed that every man was God in the beginning and should strive to get salvation to become God again and live eternally.

Cho Tae-Min met Park soon after President Park Geun-Hye's mother Yuk Young-Soo was assassinated in 1974 and she assumed the duties of first lady at age 22 for her father, President Park Jung-Hee. Cho Tae-Min approached Park by telling her that her mother appeared in his dreams and offering

This scandal brought huge chaos to both parties and nation. The citizens and opposition parties demanded that president step down every single day. Even the core organization of government is not functioning properly because of hopeless reshuffle conducted by Blue House which is a ripple effect of Choi Soon-Sil scandal.



By Lee Sang-Ou, Reporter, sangou2marine@gmail.com

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On last March, there were a series of Go games that would have interested more people than ever.

Union of four National Universities in Busan

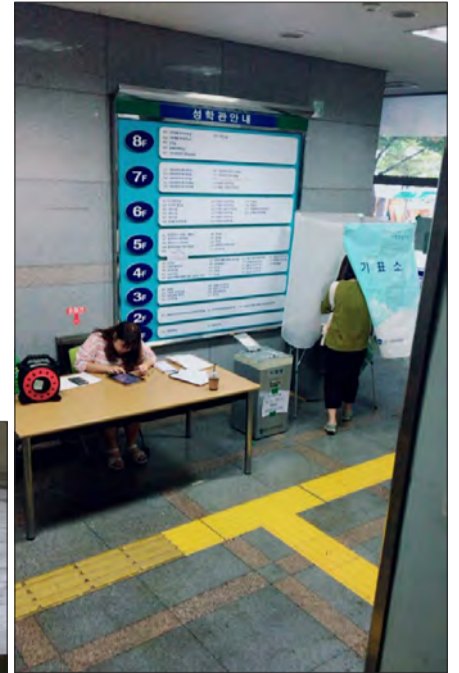
In March, The Ministry of Education made an announcement about the national university union, saying that if some national universities unite as one, they would support them financially. In June a president of Pusan National University Jeon Ho-Hwan said that he wants to unite four national universities in Busan; PNU, Pukyong National University, Busan National University of Education, and Korea Maritime and Ocean University. Because Busan is the only city that has four national universities, he suggested to unify the four as one by removing common departments between universities and by classifying each of the four specialized campus by similar departments.

The effects of united university include firstly they can preemptively cope with reductions in school age population. In 2018, a reversal phenomenon is expected, resulting in the entrance quota exceed the number of entrance examinees. By 2023 a quota of about 16 million can be expected. To prepare for this, The Ministry of Education tries to revise the overlapping departments, reducing their scale. A second effect is that we can consolidate the strength of national universities. Reducing the barrier between the four national universities but maintaining each existing university's processing system will help to make a bigger one by sharing the libraries and facilities, leading to an upward leveling of value for the united universities. A third effect is large financial support from The Ministry of Education will be going to unified universities.

However, The PNU Student Council has strongly opposed the

suggestion. On July 18 they put up hand-written posters around the school which made its stance clear and even took a vote on September 26 to 28 to oppose the union. The main reason is a danger of the incorporation of national universities. PNU Student Council president Yoo Young-Hyun(11, Department of Philosophy) said, "Most of OECD countries have a 8:2 ratio of national university and private university, but our country is reversed. The commercialism of higher education is not appropriate. The decision of The Ministry of Education to decrease the number of national universities is not right." He also pinpoints the problem of financial support from the government, saying it is meaningless if the government only supports the union for four years. He is concerned about what happen next; it's vague. 10,340 PNU students vote and 92% opposed the national university union, fearing loss of value, tradition and history of each college.

By Lee Jae-Eun, Reporter, wodms7751@naver.com



Meeting of KMOU president and students

Communication forum for university president and students was held on October 17 at the College of International Studies, November 7 at the College of Engineering, November 9 at the College of Ocean Science and Technology, and November 10 at the College of Maritime Sciences.

The seventh KMOU president Park Han-II said, "When I was the sixth president in the past, I did my best to improve the university environment and facilities. So, there were few opportunities for me to communicate with students." And he promised to make more opportunities for students to suggest their opinions about school affairs during his new term.

Before the debate, President Park gave a brief speech to the students. He emphasized thinking positively in spite of the harsh circumstances which the students are facing. Park said, "No where!" could be 'Now here!', when we change the spacing. And 'Impossible' would be 'I'm possible!', when adding an apostrophe between 'I' and 'm'." Moreover, he insisted 'ABC' principle that means Ambition, Basics, and Challenge. So he asked the students always to challenge themselves for the goals and at the same time, to remember establishing the basic knowledge in majors.

Each of college chief students officiated at the forums and each college had a different topic. In the College of International Studies, students requested increasing individual study rooms, asked about the current situations about restructuring the university and extending the dormitories and solving the problem of the school bus. In the college of Engineering, students talked about unpleasant service of school bus and especially lots of questions about the new university campus in west Busan. President Park replied, "The new west Busan campus and its regarding affairs are related to the economy of government. In the early stage, there will be some problems that we should resolve; however let us do our best to solve them gradually." In the College of Maritime Sciences, students asked about their internship programs, the entrance quota and the use of schoolgrounds.

In the last forum at the College of Maritime Sciences, President Park concluded that he will listen to the students' opinions this term and requested students to feel free to contact him through e-mail or the university homepage.

By Ha Ye-Ryeong, Reporter, trinity1178@gmail.com



Won school fame

Many students brought honor to our university who were active outside of school.

First, on October 29, the Department of Maritime Law students were won the gold medal in the fourth Convention on the law of the sea mock trial which was held at the University of Seoul Law School. To raise understanding about the importance of maritime territory development and find specialist about the international law of the sea, Korea Maritime Foundation held a mock trial. This proceeded like actual international trial in the same way. The contest was proceeded as a tournament. In the end, Korea Maritime and Ocean University won the gold medal and Korea University won the silver medal. Under the guidance of professor Lee Yong-Hee, Lee Ga-Jin, Choe Hong-Ju, Seo Yoo-Jin and Mun Gyu-Eun students won with the topic 'conflict of the South China Sea' and have the chance to go overseas to study and received cash prize too.

Next, on August 31, the Association of Korea University Invention and the Ministry of Education sponsored the 16th Korea youth invention idea contest. The department of East Asia Studies student, Jeon Chung-Gwang awarded grand prize. This contest was held to discover and foster talented students in the intellectual property rights and knowledge competitive power. Jeon Chung-Gwang made a door lock which can help to lock effortlessly for the European market where using a key is

universal. It is aimed at the global market and demonstrated its superiority. He received support in overseas study as a prize.

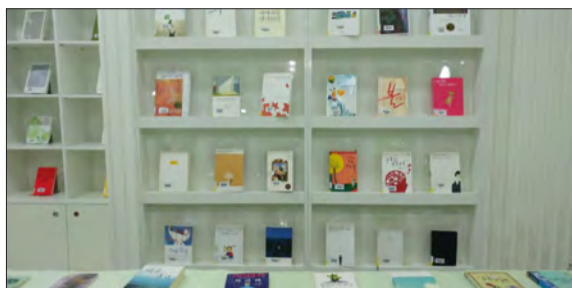
Lastly, the Department of Environmental Engineering students were recognized in a water environment policy and technology exhibition. The extracurricular club, Lotus won the Minister of the Environment award in the third Water Environment Policy and Technology Exhibition Contest. The celebration was held in Daegu's EXCO and was arranged as part of the Korea International Water Week (KIWW) program. This contest intended to find outstanding individuals and reflect some policy in the Korea water environment policy with young people's fresh ideas. The subject was reusing water and energy recovery by using biomimetic heat exchange, and the students suggested the honeycomb cell structure heat exchange design and improvement plans. Student Kim Kyung-Min said, "Although the time in the laboratory was hard without any rest, I was proud to make steady and persistent effort with our team and get a great result."

Many students actively continued extracurricular activities, producing excellent results.

By Jo Eun-Jung, Reporter, jej9952@gmail.com



Themed book exhibition about 'Healing'



The KMOU library held a themed book exhibition at the library book café from September 26 to October 7. The main theme was 'healing' and its slogan was 'Healing with reading! Go to the library where students can be healed with books!'

The opening ceremony was held on September 26 at three in the afternoon. Around 50 people participated in the ceremony including the university officials and students. Library director Oh Sae-Jun gave a brief celebratory speech and executive secretary Hong Won-Il gave words of encouragement. There was also a special flute performance for the ceremony. Some refreshment and beverages were prepared and everyone enjoyed them.

About 180 books related to the theme 'healing' were displayed in various genres. Fifty new books which were bought for the book exhibition and around 130 books were the existing inventory of the library. There were poetry, novels, essays, major books and even some English books such as *Healing for Damaged Emotions* and *The Heart of Healing*. Classical background music in the book café and exhibiting environmental books like *The Healing Energies of Light*, *The*

Healing Energies of Earth and *The Healing Energies of Water* were novel ideas of librarian Park Mi-Suk who managed the book exhibition.

Many positive comments written by the students were written in the guests' book including "I am healed by good books, good music. And it was good time." and "Because of the book exhibition, I became familiar with a lot of helpful books and I hope there will be more book exhibitions about various themes."

Librarian Park Mi-Suk who successfully conducted the project even despite a limited budget. She said, "Librarianship is giving priority to special services for library users. I was happy to manage the project, because I could contribute to help students' mental health." Thanks to the many good comments about the book exhibition, she added, "I wish to continue the themed book exhibition for freshmen, maritime topic, etc. Thank all of the students and officials who participated for this event."

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International students from China, Hyobi and Yingying

On November 8, Aranuri met Hyobi and Yingying. They are foreign students from China who have studied Korean for a year and a half and are now freshmen in this year.

Q. Can you introduce yourself, please?

H: Hello, I am Jang Hyobi, 22 years old. I am from LuoYang. I am a freshman in the department of International Commerce.

Y: Hi, I am a foreign student from China. My name is Liu Yingying, 22 years old. I am a freshman in the department of Logistics System Engineering.

Q. Why did you choose Korea and our school?

H: Whenever I watched a lot of Korean TV programs in China, I thought, "I wanna go to Korea." I expected that it would be a wonderful life in Korea. Also my brother is in this university and department so I chose to come here. I love the magnificent scenery and fresh air of our school.

Y: A big reason why I came to Korea is that I love to learn Korean. That I can speak one more language than other Chinese friends sounds attractive to me. One of my friends recommend this school and I found that there is a major course which I want to study, logistics, so I decided to come to KMOU.

Q. How's your campus life?

H: Korean campus life is really exciting. My classmates are very kind to me. I also got close to many international friends

from Malaysia and Indonesia. Studying courses related to my major is little bit difficult to me. But professors help me to follow the course well.

Y: It has a lot of fun and freedom. I made many Korean and foreign friends. They are nice and friendly so if I have any problem I usually get help from them.

Q. What's difficult to you while you are living here, in Korea?

H: The food is the biggest problem. Some Korean food doesn't suit my taste. Therefore I usually eat Vietnamese noodle at Hari. The next problem is studying Korean. At first I felt it was easy to learn but it gradually became difficult.

Y: The language. Korean uses honorifics. We Chinese don't have them so using different words to friends or professors is hard for me. Moreover, it's okay to have an everyday conversation but in class there are so many technical terms that I cannot understand well.

Q. Have you ever been to any tourist attractions in Busan? How was it?

H: I've been to Songdo, Taejongdae, Haeundae, Jagalchi market, but I like Haeundae most because there is no sea in my hometown.

Y: My favorite place in Busan is Haedong Yonggongsu. It took a lot of time to go there but I love the scenery surrounded by mountains and sea. I love the fresh air there.



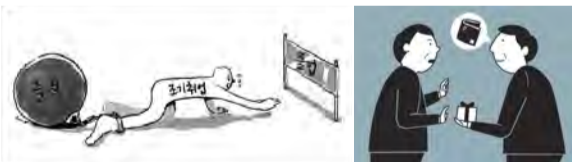
Q. What's your plan in the future?

H: I don't know exactly what I will do after graduation but I want to experience the cultures of other countries and learn more foreign languages. I will do my best here for the next couple years.

Y: I am thinking of graduate school. After graduation I want to join a logistics-related company. I know studying for the next few years will be really harsh but I will do what I love to do otherwise I will regret in the future. While I am here I want to make more friends regardless of nationality and get along with them.

By Lee Jae-Eun, Reporter, wodms7751@naver.com

Impact of Kim Yeong-Ran Act in university student



University undergraduate students who get jobs are confused after prohibition on illegal solicitation legislation (the Kim Yeong-Ran Act) has enforced on September 28. According to severe unemployment crisis, most universities allow to employed students to pass without attending lectures. Different university may use different ways, but students usually request professors to adjust their grades. Some universities accept letters of employment officially. Therefore, undergrad students are not concerned about attendance and grade.

However this custom is prohibited by the Kim Yeong-Ran Act. The Anti-Corruption and Civil Rights Commission authorized interpretation for this custom to an illegal solicitation.

The Ministry of Education sent an official document stating that if each university make self-regulating exceptional clause for employed students and apply for statutes of university, professors can give grades to them. Most statutes of universities give grade when students attend more than two-thirds of the

lectures. For that reason, if universities change the statute, students can submit a letter of employment.

But universities are passive on uncomfortable atmosphere because it is initial implement of the law and there are no guidelines or specific principles to change the statute.

The Ministry of Education gathered the opinions to 78 universities about ways of credit recognition for students who got a job. Five universities replied they will not accept letters of employment, 36 will relax or abolish attendance standards, 28 will replace to internet education and weekend-night class and 23 will replace to field practice or internship. Also 13 will request students to join companies later and eleven will follow The Ministry of Education's decision.

Some local universities quickly adopted to the change the statute. The Catholic University of Daegu revised bylaw removing allowable number of absence. Yeungnam College student must go through council and if the attendance is more than half of the lectures, the professors can give A. In addition, Gyeongbuk, Kyungil and Daegu Universities are still gathering public opinions and making alternatives.

Several universities in Seoul have decided change the statute. Sungkyunkwan University add to 'If students can't attend their

class for unavoidable reasons, they will follow the guidelines to acknowledge attendance' in statute and temporarily apply in second semester. Unavoidable reasons include like 'bereavement' or attend one of formal event. Now 'employment' is also included as an unavoidable reason. Chung-ang University is preparing a revised statute stating that if students submit proof of employment, the professor can assign a grade. Hanguk University of Foreign Studies, Kyunghee, Dongguk, Sogang, Yonsei Universities are still discussing their internal policies.

One company has changed the recruitment schedule to avoid problem associated with the Kim Yeong-Ran Act. NS Home Shopping has changed the time of its second-half recruitment from November to January, so undergraduate students could reduce concern about their grades.

Kim(28) who is a job seeker said, "It's hard to find company which consider attendance. If government and school are still passive, the damage will go to students"

University student Lee(27) said, "I think it's not a good custom to accept letters of employment and take grades. I wish the statute reflected practical situations that consider student attendance and company recruitment time on this law."

By Jang Geun-Yeong, Reporter, shlgid@naver.com

The eventful BIFF



The 21st Busan International Film Festival (BIFF) finished on October 15. Many worried about boycotts, typhoons and the Kim Young-Ran Act.

BIFF was held in a difficult time of like the crisis of autonomy and independence, The Korean film industry boycott, budget cuts and the damage of typhoon Chaba. But the organizing committee's crisis management ability and the audience's consistent love made the festival successful. Because of the revision, the preparation was behind schedule and all four film industry boycotted at the same time. But the festival was attentive to every detail when preparing the programming.

The festival drew 165,000 people, a reduction at 27 percent from last year. Executive director Kang Soo-Yeon said, "Due to the typhoon Chaba, the Haeundae BIFF Village was shut down, so the floating population was reduced, and illegal solicitation law made the mood daunted too." The Asia film market, one of the BIFF main events, was held with 742 companies from 47 countries and 1,381 visitors attended. In the salesbooth, there were 62 booths from 24 countries and 63 films were screened from 13 countries. The festival organizer said, "Despite the budget cuts and other changes, the salesbooth maintained the level of last year, and the participants and new buyers increased."

This year, the film festival objectively conveyed BIFF's characteristic and significance. First, they were proud of the film festival which could make an affirmation of solidarity with world filmmaker. The festival organizer said, "Many filmmakers supported the long struggle of BIFF independence and attended personally. Through this, freedom of expression and the independence should be guaranteed, and this is the fundamental principles of the festival." This year will be especially meaningful by performing under the first private board of directors. It also serves as momentum for notable new directors and the discovery of new Asian writers including Korea. So, they could keep their identities and values.

On the other hand, the organizer commented that BIFF left a lot of challenges as yet. The festival organizer said, "A lot of bad news exerted a strong influence on the atmosphere and audience participation. However, we could check that the spectators are the owner of the festival and a strong foundation, seeing the audiences who attending the festival."

They were optimistic for the future with many substantial programs for the audiences and through increased services.

By Jo Eun-Jung, Reporter, je9952@gmail.com

The great typhoon Chaba

Following the earthquake that rocked the Korean Peninsula, the powerful typhoon and localized heavy rain hit Gyeongsangnam-do. The typhoon Chaba inflicted many casualties and caused much property damage and ruined the livelihood of local residents. The 18th typhoon Chaba was formed over the Pacific Ocean on September 28 and passed through Korea and Japan. It dissipated on October 6.

Almost 1,600 damage cases resulting from the typhoon were reported. Busan residents were reminded of the movie Haeundae. The 10m wave covered the city beyond breakwalls and waterproof walls. Coastal roads and high-rise apartment buildings in Marine City, which are 50m away from the sea were flooded.

Marine City is constructed on reclaimed land and protruding land, so it is the most likely to be damaged by seawater because of its geographical features. Actually, this site is representative of wealthy villages in Busan, and residents were opposed to build the waterproof walls highly for the reason of infringing of prospect right. So they built 1.3 meter walls instead of the earlier plans to build them 1.8 meters high. This caused the vast damage. The waves hit the roads beyond the breakwalls so that precast pavers were destroyed like a paper and the sea water which came into the several underground parking lots flooded the cars. Since the sea water flooded the road, the fish was caught in Marine City.

Due to rising sea levels, accidents occurred on another coastal road, Songdo beach, in Busan. The waves were flooded beyond the coastal road to the near shopping district because of the strong winds. Newly finished Songdo beach facilities, which used big budget in recent years, were defenseless against the typhoon. The marble of the trail constructed along the sandy beach was damaged and Songdo Beach's specialty 'cloud promenade' was changed. A statue of dolphins installed on the sea was discovered in the coastal road and the head of the statue entirely disappeared. In addition, the breakwalls of Gamcheon Port and Dadae Port collapsed about 80%.

The typhoon, Chaba inflicted many losses in many events held in Busan. The Busan

International Film Festival which held on October 6 was damaged by Chaba. The outdoor stage at Haeundae BIFF Village was destroyed, so that it became the impossible to restore before opening the festival. As a result, BIFF had some problems in schedule. The BIFF Village was the most necessary facility in the festival timetable where many events will be held such as hand printing, interviews with main actors in movies and conversations with directors. But, all events were changed into other places.

Another event, the Illumia Light Run, as a part of 2016 Busan One Asia Festival, was canceled because of the damage. The stage was seriously broken and the main course of light festival, Illumia facility, was completely destroyed.

The Busan Metropolitan Facilities Management Corporation announced that the traffic will be closed in several roads including Gwangan Bridge, Busan Harbor Bridge and Namhang Bridge. And in the Gimhae International Airport, all flights were canceled. The Busan City Board of Education notified that all kindergartens, elementary schools and middle schools will have a special holiday under the influence of Chaba.

Several people were injured or died in Busan. An old woman fell from her rooftop and a constructive worker was crushed by a crane. There were electricity power problems as well. The electricity supply was cut off in Yeongdo-gu, Mangmi-dong, Suyeong-gu, Sasang-gu so that the power was knocked out. Also, the intra-city buses had a hard time to run. In Korea Maritime and Ocean University, the waves covered and hit bus heading towards to the entrance, so the seawater entered in the bus. Many buses were operated full of seawater in Haeundae as well.

Busan City Council investigated the field of the accidents and helped to recover. Financial institutions provided economic support to Busan-Kyungnam region. And many labor unions and companies went on a emergency restoration project and made a donation for the needy.

Typhoon Chaba is the second most powerful typhoon since Maemi in 2003.

By Jo Eun-Jung, Reporter, je9952@gmail.com

Successful BIPC in Busan

The Busan Port Authority(BPA) held the Busan International Port Conference known as the 'Cross Over the Wave of Uncertainty' in Busan International Passenger Terminal fifth floor conference hall on November 3 to 4. The Busan International Port Conference which are held four times this year, featured 26 speakers who are experts in various fields and attracted in 800 people to make discussion and policy agenda with major issues.

This conference discussed cooperation plan and strategy to deal with the changing circumstance of port and shipping market caused by global economic recession in six working session for two days. Six working session is 'Ports Cooperation: New Development Strategy,' 'Prospect of Shipping Market & Future of Port Industry,' 'Forecast & Counterstrategy of Intra-Asia,' 'Changes on Global Logistics & Counterstrategy of Ports,' 'Cooperative Development of Port & Logistics Infra in Emerging Markets' and 'Ports and More : Ship Supply Industry'

The BPA also adopted the joint declaration to pledge growing together and co-prosperity of the global shipping port industry. According to the joint declaration, "Since the 2008 financial crisis, global shipping port logistics industry have had a hard time due to the continuing low growth rate of the world economy, a decrease of international trade and falling ocean freight charge. We want to overcome this difficulty with four sustainable goals."

First, policy authorities in each country and



the global shipping port logistics industry which cover 95% of transportation of world trade and lead global growth specify to make policy and system that achieve growing together and co-prosperity through fair and reasonable competition.

Second, to make system and policy, try to create jobs and value of new shipping port logistics by sharing manpower, R&D, information, data and newest management techniques etc. Third, we will operate consultation channel and procedure that can quickly handle deregulation, eco-friendliness, pending issues and conflict.

Finally, the BIPC that transshipment hub port in Northeast Asia will be utilized for the place of policy agenda setting that policy authorities in each country cooperate with global shipping port logistics industry and discuss the agenda in depth and open-mindedly.

Woo Ye-Jong, CEO of BPA, said, "Because the shipping port industry is having a hard time, this conference will be place that world's experts and scholars look back on the past and explore future directions together."

By Jang Geun-Yeong, Reporter, shlgid@naver.com

Busan One Asia Festival, promoting the Korean wave to the world

South Korea's top Korean wave festival, 'Busan One Asia Festival' was held from October 1 to 23 in BEXCO, Busan Asiad Main Stadium and many other parts in Busan.

According to the Busan Tourism Organization, BOF started with special exhibitions and opening performance and attracted 25 million visitors including 3 million foreigners. BOF is full of Busan cultural tourism infrastructure, Korean wave cultural contents and Asia cultures. Asians and people from all over the world enjoyed K-Pop, K-Food, K-Beauty and K-Culture in one place. It received fervent responses by offering the diversity participatory contents which were possible to experience directly with five senses. People could enjoy music shows, entertainment programs and cooking shows at the same time.

First, 127 corporations participated in 'Korean wave zone, Beauty zone and Tasty Busan', attending 5 million visitors. The One Asia Korean wave zone utilized the newest information and communications technology (ICT) such as holograms, VR, 3D and etc. It was composed of Korean wave ICT zone and Korean wave production zone. In the ICT zone, people could see actual singers in the Busan first hologram concert hall which takes advantage of converging technology. Also, it was provided the chance to enjoy by using the Virtual Reality technology. By using VR, visitors could take pictures with their favorite K-Pop artists and print or send email on the spot. In the Production zone, K-Pop artists costumes, shoes and props were displayed and visitors could see their collections and cherished things. Through the photos, they could meet the vivid figures.

The global primary 60 beauty brands from Korea and the world participated in Beauty zone and provided high quality products and beauty contents that visitors could experience firsthand. In the center of the exhibition, the power blogger gave some demonstrations about beauty classes and these were broadcasted live online in other countries. In addition, thanks to new foreign coverage, many companies received the chance to

promote their brand so they could make the effects of marketing.

The Tasty Busan was full of different kinds of foods and spectacles. The 2 million visitors participated in the K-Food zone. In the Food zone, there were 30 famous Korea restaurants booths and ten food trucks with star chefs. They cooked and sold their foods on the spot.

After the exhibit, the opening show was held on October 1. The stadium was full of about 4 million including 1 million foreigners and proved the extraordinary interest about the Korean wave. Many famous singers such as Psy, BTS, Girls Generation, A-Pink, B1A4, B.A.P, Girls Day participated and began the festival beginning show. Following the opening show, the K-Pop 3 Stages concert was held from October 2 to 4. Eleven teams from all other countries captivated the nearly 8000 audience members' attention. This was the opportunity to confirm the K-Pop status once again. The closing event, One Asia Dream Concert made a grand finale of BOF. The One Asia Dream Concert had sold out a month earlier. About 3 million visitors including 1 million foreigners watched the show. The 39 Korean major entertainment agencies participated in the events and joined to promote Korean culture.

BOF attracted a total of 33,000 Korean wave foreigner fans and international news agencies came from United States, China, Japan, Taiwan, Thailand, Malaysia, Indonesia and other nations around the world. Moreover, the various media in many countries such as Denmark, Indonesia, Bulgaria, Malaysia, Turkey went spot coverage and took an interest. All of them also reported favorable reviews about the purpose of BOF as a representative cultural content in Asia which encompasses the K-Pop, K-Food, K-Beauty, and the best Korean wave festival.

BOF achieved the original goal which was 30,000 foreigners and established a solid foothold in world markets and Asia culture communications.

By Jo Eun-Jung, Reporter, je9952@gmail.com

Hanjin goes down



Hanjin was established as Hanjin container in 1977. Hanjin began regular service to the middle-east in 1978 and to us in 1979. And Hanjin merged with KSC line and this turned into Hanjin. Now Hanjin is the world's seventh-largest shipping line. Of course, Hanjin is biggest shipping line in Korea. Also, Hanjin was ranked world no1 in vessel schedule reliability in 2013 and 2015 both. So the company Hanjin itself means credibility in shipping business.

But recently, after government turn down further financial aid, Hanjin filed for court receivership. This happened because the industrial bank, one of the main money-lender, decided to kill the power after judging Hanjin's self-rescue plan insufficient.

Currently, nearly 40 ships remain stranded in international waters because Hanjin could not afford docking, unloading, and other related fees. Even crews serving in Hanjin shipping were suffering as they were running out of food and clean water.

The seeds of the crisis were sown decades ago, when Hanjin changed its CEO to Mrs. Choi who had no experience in the shipping business. At that time, the price of shipping freight was abnormally high, but Mrs. Choi signed the long-term time charters with vessel owners for 5 to 10 years at very expensive price. But next year, financial crisis also known as Rimon Incident broke out. So in 2009, Hanjin lost 1.1 billion dollars.

The more Hanjin worked, the more Hanjin lost. This is because freight wasn't high enough to pay charterage and oil. But Hanjin could not stop operating its ship because Hanjin would lose more money when it stopped operation. So debt went up every single day as Hanjin operated its vessel and then on August 31, it hit the limit.

Currently, Hanjin has approximately USD 51,000,000 of debt. And government made it clear that Hanjin Shipping will receive no further creditor support until Hanjin fulfills its responsibility. As Hanjin has no money and plans for normalization, hopes of resuscitation is fading away.

As shipping industry is one of the nation's key industries, it influences not only logistics but also other industries, so experts are expecting that there would be tremendous change in shipping business when Hanjin has gone into liquidation.

First, Hanjin accounts for about 3 percent of shipping

containers globally. This number is big enough to cause great disturbance of logistics in the global economy. And the estimated cost of damage is approximately USD 110,000,000.

Second, Hanjin would lower government's diplomacy power and credibility. As administration made it clear that there would be no more aid to Hanjin, government was receiving criticism from all around the world for having been negligent in taking steps to minimize the adverse side-effects. This could turn into diplomatic problem. And for Hanjin, corporation credibility would decrease. Now 40 years of credibility and network system which are precious fundamental of Korea shipping business are in crisis.

Third, if Hanjin shipping goes down, many economic partners who relied on Hanjin for income are in jeopardy. Approximately 750 South Koreans who are on board 58 ships managed by Hanjin Shipping will lose their jobs. This only counts Hanjin itself. Currently, government is expecting more than 10,000 will lose their job when Hanjin has gone into liquidation.

Finally, Hanjin Shipping bankruptcy caused turmoil in global sea freight. The price of shipping a 40FT container from China to the US jumped 50% in a single day. More specifically, the price from China to west coast ports rose from \$1,100 per container to as much as \$1,700 on Thursday, while the cost from China to the East Coast jumped from \$1,700 to \$2,400. And experts predicted the higher prices would last a month or two.

Additionally, Hanjin incident impacted on KMOU. Most of maritime science graduates got a job in shipping company. And now, Korea's biggest shipping company filed for court receivership. Hanjin already announced that they will not recruit officers during 2016.

By Lee Sang-Ou, Reporter, sangou2marine@gmail.com

Korean farmer and an activist in South Korea, Baek Nam-Gi

On November 14 2015, the 68-year-old Baek Nam-Gi suffered serious injury from police's water cannon during the The Korean March of November 2015 to press Park Guen-Hye to fulfill her election pledges. To raise the amount it pays for rice, Baek transported via ambulance to Seoul National University Hospital. Despite a lengthy operation, he remained in a comatose state for 317 days, finally dying on September 25, 2016.

On November 14 of 2015, Baek collapsed from the police water while he alone pulled the rope from a police bus and never woke from critical stage. His family and the Korean Peasants League charged seven people including the chief of the National Police Agency, Gang Sin-Myeong, and the Commissioner of the Seoul Metropolitan Police Agency, Gu Eun-Su with attempted murder.

The hearing of Baek Nam-Gi was conducted on September 12 of 2016, most the police officers denied responsibility. And

Gang clung to his position that a civil apology is difficult.

On the day after Baek's death, the police requested an autopsy which the bereaved family rejected. The police could not claim responsibility on an autopsy which has to be conducted in death of unknown cause. Despite continued request for an autopsy and the bereaved family continued reject it.

Finally, the court issued an autopsy warrant with four conditions autopsy most he done in Seoul National University Hospital, two doctor and one lawyer are designated by the family, body damage doing minimal, and the autopsy filmed. But the family and civic group claimed that cause of death of Baek is obvious injury by the police water cannon, and no an autopsysis needed due to he one year in Seoul National University Hospital. The police attempty compulsory forcible execution on October 23 of 2016 in Seoul National University Hospital. However, the family rejected the autopsy. Finally, the



police were forced to withdraw and didn't re-apply an autopsy warrant Baek. Finally, delivering Baek's body to his family.

On November 1, the strikers' headquarter presented the coffin and send off ceremony of the dead on November 5.

The send off ceremony of the dead held in Gwanghwamun when Baek collapsed by the police water cannon for 358 days and 41 days of his death.

By Son Seung-Hee, Reporter, seunghee4527@gmail.com

The earthquake and the nuclear and the active fault

A 5.8 earthquake occurred in Gyeongju, on September 12, 2016. This is the biggest on the Korean Peninsula since the Meteorological Administration started seismic observation in 1978. Even now, secondary shocks are continuing. Citizens are overcome with apprehension because a nuclear facility is situated on the capable fault, an area where tectonic activity is strong and which has a high probability for quakes.

Civic groups have claimed Gyeongju and places near the Wolsong nuclear power plants are no longer safe. The Yangsan fault that runs under Uljin, Pohang, Gyeongju, Yangsan and Pusan is a capable fault. Earthquakes in Gyeongju can happen anytime. The safety of plants and people are under threat from such hazards although the plants have earthquake-resistant systems.

In 2012, Korea Institute of Geoscience and Mineral Resources studied the active faults and concluded there is a capable fault, but the nation didn't renew the result to people.

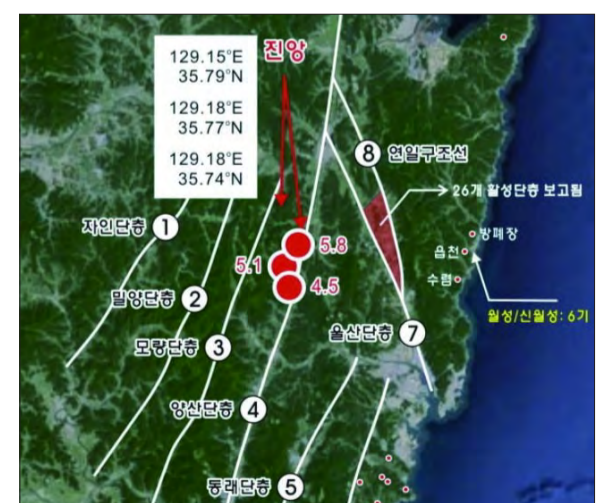
The Korea Hydro & Nuclear Power Co. and the government identified three more active faults on October 5 and will start the enhancement of the earthquake resistance capability of

nuclear plants in April, 2018.

If one of four New-Gori Nuclear Power Plants had a serious accident, the 16,240 residents in Pusan, Ulsan, Gyeongnam could die by exposure to radiation within seven days. Moreover, 2.8 million will die from cancer for the next 50 years. This is very similar simulation conducted by the federation of environmental movement. The federation of environmental movement had proceeded with a nuclear accident simulation regarding Gori Nuclear Power Plants, Yeonggwang Nuclear Power Plants and Wolsong Nuclear Power Plants in 2012. Specialists compared this imitation experiment with Fukushima daiichi nuclear disaster and Chernobyl nuclear accident.

The 12 plants that form 50 percent of the Korean nuclear power plants are located within 50 km the seismic center of Gyeongju earthquake. We now know that the Gori and Wolsong zone is never safe from seismic tremors. The urgency to map the Korean active fault is increasing.

The Ministry of Public Safety and Security wants to do long-term, 25-year project about five step research and development regarding the active faults. Next year's budget



has been agreed upon and the government bill for first step investigation begins next year. In addition, R&D will include existing survey results.

(Yangsan fault is a 170 km fault zone from Yeongdeok, Gyeongsangbuk-do to the mouth of Nakdong River in Pusan. This is closed to Wolsong and Gori Nuclear Power Plants.)

By Park Su-Hyun, Reporter, hyunshoo@naver.com

Three most popular baseball league had finished

The baseball leagues of Korea, America and Japan finished on November 3. It was full of dramatically games and new records.

Ten teams participated in the Korea Baseball Organization (KBO), and the Doosan Bears won the Korea series champion title on November 2. The Doosan Bears beat the NC Dinosaurus in Masan. The top five ranked teams, who can participate in post season games, Kia Tigers, LG Twins, Nexen Heroes, NC Dinosaurus and Doosan Bears. The game set of fourth and fifth play call the wild card competition. The fourth takes one win of advantage. The team which takes two wins first can go to the next stage. The LG Twins beat the Kia Tigers in the wild card competition two to one and went to the next stage. The next stage is called the semi off play and the LG Twins and the Nexen Heroes clashed in this series. The Twins got three points before Nexen Heroes. The series score was three to one. The next stage is the off play. The Twins and NC Dinosaurus played against each other. The off play is also composed of the best-of-five series. The Dinosaur score three points, but the Twins scored one point. The Dinosaurus went to the final stage, called the Korea series. Before the KBO league, most experts predicted the Doosan Bears because of their strengths. The Bears overwhelmed the Dinosaurus during the series, getting four points while Dinosaurus had nothing.

Nippon Professional Baseball Organization (NPB) is divided into the Pacific League and the Central League, and Nipponham Fighters defeated Hiroshima Toyo Carp. There are six teams in the Pacific and Central Leagues. The top three ranked teams can participate in post season games. The top three ranked teams were Chiba Lotte Marines, Softbank Hawks and Nipponham Fighters in the Pacific League and Yokohama DeNA BayStars, Yomiuri Giants and Hiroshima Toyo Carp in the Central League. The Nipponham Fighters achieved the championship title in the Pacific League and Hiroshima Toyo Carp did so in the Central League. They played against each other in the final stage called the Japan Series. The rising star named Otani Shohei belongs to Nipponham Fighters and Kuroda Hiroki who rejected 180 million dollars to return to his original team, Hiroshima Toyo Carp. The Japan Series rule is best-of-seven series. Nipponham Fighters got four points first and Hiroshima Toyo Carp just scored two points.

Baseball was born in America and Chicago Cubs defeat Cleveland Indians and got World Series champion title in 108 years for the fourth time. Major League Baseball (MLB) is composed of two leagues named the National League and American League. Each league is composed of Eastern Zone, Central Zone and Western Zone, and there are five teams in each zone. The 30 teams participate in MLB league. The top ranked team in each zone goes to post season and second ranked team compete their winning rate. The two teams with the higher winning rate in second-ranked at each league play against each other in the one game, wild card. The San Francisco Giants got wild card ticket in the National League and Toronto Blue Jays did in American League. San Francisco Giants, LA Dodgers, Chicago Cubs and Washington Nationals participated in The National League's post season. The Toronto Blue Jays, the Texas Rangers, the Cleveland Indians and the Boston Red Sox did in the American League. The Chicago Cubs and Cleveland Indians got the championship title in their leagues. They fought in final stage called the World Series. The Chicago Cubs hadn't achieved the World Series trophy for 108 years. The Cleveland Indians were hadn't achieved the title for 68 years. Each team sincerely wanted the World Series trophy and it is composed of the best-of-seven series. The most wonderful games progressed in World Series. The match went seven stages and the Chicago Cubs defeated the Cleveland Indians. Their match scores were four to three and the Cubs lifted their curse on November 3.

All baseball games were over and world baseball fans are waiting for more interesting baseball games.

By Moon Sung-Up, Reporter, msugood@naver.com

Jim Yong Kim Appointed to Second Term as World Bank President



On September 27, The World Bank's Board of Directors issued the statement that Jim Yong Kim was reappointed to a president for a second term.

Kim said "I am humbled to have the honor of serving a second term as the head of this great institution. I am grateful to our Board for giving me the opportunity to continue building on our successes." He also expressed appreciation to the employees, saying, "We have accomplished so much over the past four years, thanks to the brilliance and hard work of the Bank's dedicated staff and management."

When Kim joined the Bank in 2012, he had two ambitious new goals for the institution: to end extreme poverty by 2030, and to promote shared prosperity, boosting the

income growth of the bottom 40 percent of the population in every developing country. In order to deliver on these goals, the Bank had to accelerate, become bolder and more agile, and reposition itself. The Bank did this so that they could increase support for countries and deliver better results quickly. This was possible by believing they are well on the way to achieving these important aims.

Kim emphasized the importance of what they have to do, and imagine the future they will make. "The challenges going forward remain large, with climate change, forced displacement, and pandemics threatening the gains we have made to improve the lives of billions. We will need to work even more closely with partners, and continue to find new and innovative ways to effectively leverage scarce development resources."

Kim added, "I believe that the World Bank Group is the greatest instrument for tackling global poverty in the world, with unmatched global knowledge and financial tools. I look forward to working with our professional and diverse staff, our partners, and our member countries to build a more inclusive world, free of poverty."

By Bae Jung-Min, Reporter, jmin.kmou@gmail.com

Crisis of Electoral College

Donald Trump, was elected as the 45th president of the United States. Fascist, racist, radical, misogynist, outsider, and criminal etc. the whole negative nicknames were given to Donald Trump. Even fellow Republican called him a psychotic idiot. But his strategy was effective. Many white people, especially uneducated Christian white men voted for Trump.

According to CNN exit polls there were some features about the majority of Trump voters. First, they were white. About 58% of white voters voted for Trump but only 37% voted for Clinton. About 70% of voters are white so these percentages were critical to Clinton. The rest of the race strongly supported Clinton. Second, they were old. The majority of voters over 45 years old voted for Trump by 53%. The majority of voters under 45 years old voted Clinton. But in all age group of white voters, Trump was majority. Third, they have low education levels. The less educated voters favored Trump over Clinton. Fourth, most of Trump voters are Christian. More they attend religious services often, higher percentage voted for Trump.

Clinton won 400,000 more total votes than Trump, but the United States has an indirect election system, and in number of electoral college votes, Trump beat Clinton 290 to 232.

After the election, thousands of people have taken to the streets to protest Trump is voted, claiming that Trump is not their president. A CNN interviewer says, "They're blocking the streets, burning flags, standing on buses, writing swear words all over buses. It's not helping. This is not helping. I wanted Hillary to win more than anybody. And to stand out here and not have a call to action and we are not specific. That's why we're here now because we haven't been talking



about policy, because we haven't been being specific, because we have been talking about things that don't matter. Things about personality not policy. And there need to be an action. I need Hillary to stand up right now and walk in and sue the United States of America. Hillary had more votes. More human beings vote Hillary. This isn't fair. We didn't get the votes, you didn't get the vote. Just count the votes. Hillary, you are a lawyer go to the supreme court. I believe in you. Women need you, minority needs you, I need you, Chicago needs you, we all need you, the country needs you to stand up and go to the supreme court and say one vote is one vote."

A German internet user wrote. "Dear Americans. Go ahead, vote for the guy with the loud voice who hates minorities, threatens to imprison his opponents, doesn't give a fXXX about democracy, and claims he alone can fix everything. What could possibly go wrong? Good luck. -The people of Germany #beentheredonethat."

Californian are yelling if Trump will be the president then let us become independent.

By Choe Eu-Gene, Reporter, eugenechoe@naver.com

American resistance culture icon, Bob Dylan got the Nobel Prize in Literature

American resistance cultural icon Bob Dylan received the Nobel Prize in Literature.

On October 13, the Royal Swedish Academy of Sciences and the Nobel Committee declared American singer-songwriter as the Nobel Prize winner this year in a press interview. The committee said, "Bob Dylan is very good at creating and expressing the poetic expression in the great American music tradition."

Bob Dylan is singer-songwriter, poet, and painter. He was born to a Jewish family and his real name is Robert Allen Zimmerman. At the height of the anti-war sentiment of the 60s, he released songs containing political and social messages. He gained fame as a living legend in folk music. Dylan especially became famous as a resistance singer with his album, The Freewheelin' Bob Dylan and achieved worldwide fame with the song, "Knockin' on Heaven's Door". He introduced the electric sound in folk music on his 1965 album Bringing It All Back Home. He is credited with greatly influencing folk and pop music and creating new genres like folk-rock. He received worldwide attention with his experimental music beyond the specific genres and styles.

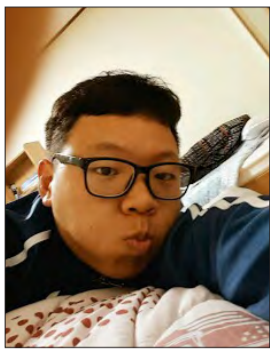
'Masters of War', 'Don't Think Twice', 'It's All Right', 'Knocking On Heaven's Door', 'I Believe In You', and 'Blowing In The Wind' are his masterpieces. Their themes are the protection of human rights and crying against war. Among others, 'Blowing In The Wind' earned him the prize. The committee rated highly the lyrics which call for peace and new poetic expression in the tradition of great songs American. Dylan's lyrics contained thoughtful expression in various fields too.

However, some analyses appear that the Swedish Academy selected Bob Dylan strategically to raise the issue. One critic said, "To maintain the public interest for the Nobel Prize every year, they pick a person who is likely to be controversial." Also, others feel that lyrics shouldn't be regarded as literature.

Meanwhile, it is the first time a commercial singer has been awarded the Nobel Prize. Bob Dylan became the first American to win the Nobel Prize in Literature since Toni Morrison in 1993.

By Jo Eun-Jung, Reporter, jej9952@gmail.com





How to Save on Board Seamen

The defense ministry plans to gradually abolish alternative forms of military conscription in 2023 in order to prepare for the projected decrease in eligible conscripted military manpower beginning 2033.

Alternative service is a form of national service performed in lieu of conscription for various reasons, such as: conscientious objection, health problems, or political reasons.

So far, there have been many ways a dutiful man could serve his country in Korea. For example, we are allowed to serve as policemen throughout the country to assist in societal needs and maintain peace and order, or doctors in rural areas where adequate health care has long been on the decline and scientists in huge enterprises which are a staple of the volatile, fast-paced, technology based economy that we all depend on.

These jobs play a critical role right now, right here in Korea, but after seven years, all these critical positions will be gone. So planning and negotiations with relative departments are underway in order to preserve these alternative services. But a significant point was missing in these negotiations.

There was no mention of the preservation of "Onboard Seaman Service." Readers may wonder why this is so impor-

tant. Maybe you've never heard of an on-board-seaman before. The onboard seaman service is an alternative service providing navigators and engineers for merchant vessels. I was surprised and concerned when I heard that the negotiations pertaining to the onboard seaman service were not in progress. As a current merchant marine cadet in one of the top ranking maritime academies in the world, Korea Maritime University, I thought this was very worrisome, because merchant sailors and merchant vessels play a crucial role in the world economy and especially in Korea.

First, shipping covers 97 percent of trade in Korea. Furthermore, Korea's dependency on trade is proportionately higher compared with other OECD nations. So shipping is fundamental and a requisite for the Korean economy.

A second reason is that Korea is at war. In a war, supplies are as important as the battle. A fight cannot be won without supplies. And merchant ship officers are in charge of transporting military supplies from all over the world. For perspective, consider Germany's unrestricted submarine warfare during World War one in order to cut the supply lines to the U.K. and France. So even today, seamen are not treated as civilians during wartime. Some countries like the U.S. have their own merchant vessel fleet operated by the U.S. Navy. Thus, the Korean government has an obligation to secure sufficient sailors in the name of battle readiness. So the Ministry of Oceans and Fisheries is running a system which has a similar intention.

Merchant vessel officers are essential to Korea. But the pace of modern shipping is quite harsh for anyone. Most seafarers presently working on merchant ships often have less than three hours in port at a time. Seamen don't have time to rest and relax. Mariners are at sea for months at a time, and even when they're onboard, they don't have access to what a five-year-old would take for granted, the Internet.

Despite the importance of mariners in Korean economy, few people want to become mariners. This emphasizes the reason why the National Assembly should legislate the Onboard Seaman Service Act. With this action, Korea can retain much needed, well trained Korean sailors.

The defense minister is going against this. If it abolishes onboard seaman service, this will detrimentally affect the security and economy of our nation. But not enough of us are concerned about onboard seaman service. Additionally, the Korea shipping business is in a crisis. We are liable to lose our leadership role in global shipping, which is one of the strongest points in our economy, if we hesitate.

There is no room for hesitation. Relative agencies must frame plans of action and save Korea's economic bloodline, the shipping business.

By Lee Sang-Ou, Reporter, sangou2marine@gmail.com



Don't be solomangarephobia!

Solomangarephobia means that a person feels fear of eating alone and feels excessively self-conscious, awkward or even humiliated. Koreans are used to doing things together. People who eat, watch movies or drink alone are considered strange

and misunderstood having no friends.

This year, there is a trend in the first half of the year eating alone became common, and in the latter half is drinking alone grew in popularity. Myself generation is increasing due to the growth or single households of 2030 generation and economic

depression. Myself generation, can do anything without interruption, can act self-direction, shouldn't waste unnecessary emotion, should respect personal individuality, and seem to efficient. Surprisingly, most of myself generation is satisfied with their life compared to other generations.

Many scholars mentioned that this generation is good for contemporary society. Doing things alone has many advantages, such as focusing on oneself, boosting own creativity, feigning interest in other's affairs and nor doing small talk, shooting the breeze and nor trying to make conversation to fill the silence and doing whatever we want.

However, people are worried about their generation. Because, they believed it causes a rise in depression. Also, many people who eat alone eat instant food at the convenience store. People

worried about their health.

But, the causes of depression are diverse. Doing alone can console those who are exhausted about relationship. Until just recently many restaurants put criteria on two consumers or more. However, many restaurants produce single products including singles menu and singles restaurant. Many stores follow myself generation's trend therefore.

Koreans are used to 'together culture'. But, don't feel strange. Enjoy 'alone culture' and console yourself, why you're of hanging with other?

By Son Seung-Hee, Reporter, seunghee4527@gmail.com



No More Wars

Since 1948, Korea has been divided into two countries. The South Koreans constitution sees North Korea not a country but as terrorists illegally occupying the northern half of the peninsula. But in the international society's point of view, it is irrefutable to say that North Korea is not a country.

During the Cold War, the United States needed an area for an outpost to the continent to observe the Soviet Union and other communist countries. Japan was insufficient to react to the enemies because it is an island country so the U.S. was desperate to keep Korea on its side. The Soviet Union thought the same thing and attempted to recast Korea in its image, resulting in Korea splitting in two.

When I was in elementary school as the beginning of 21st century, a progressive government was ruling and ruled one more time. For ten years there were two presidents who tried to talk with North Korea, and I thought it might be possible to be unified in ten years. They wanted to help North Koreans and wanted to make North Korea's government to depend on South Korea so that reunification can be realized faster. This policy was called the Sunshine policy. But the dream disappeared after these two government ended. Right-wing governments have been established, and they took the opposite stance. I understand what right wing wants to say, but I think that what right wants to do is very wrong and hollow.

The strategy of the government is only attack for the past nine years, especially on economic area. They talk of financial dependence of China and simultaneously clime the sunshine policy gave North Korea the ability to make nuclear bombs.

What I am uncomfortable is this part. Generally, scholars say to make basic nuclear weapons, requires about 300 billion dollars but the amount support from the Sunshine Policy is less than 50 billion dollars. This means could be used for developing weapons but it doesn't matter. The Europe Union, Canada, China, Russia, even Japan and United States which have bad feelings with North Korea support North Korea. Then are those who blame the Sunshine Policy going to blame international society too? I don't think so. They are just blaming others for their power to seize. The traitors when Korea was a colony of Japan have changed their stance to anticommunist patriots since 1945 and started to kill people who tried to avenge traitors. I am not saying traitors' descendent are right but their attitudes are very similar to McCarthyism and it is still effective to about 30% of South Koreans.

The present government has demanded the United Nations to pressure North Korea financially, which they think is effective even North Korea has done five nuclear experiments. The right's policy is not related to reunification. If we seize this policy, there are two scenarios we can predict. First, the policy makes North Korea disintegrate. Second, North Korea's economy doesn't disintegrate and they attack South Korea, resulting in.

First, North Korea's disintegration. It might be perfect for the right if the northern area can be recovered in its entirety. But unfortunately, I want to say it is impossible. The policy says we have to make the financial patron such as China or Russia stop to support the North Korea. Let say it succeeds. Then what have we got? We don't have any pretext to say that the north is ours because we persuaded other countries but in fact we did nothing but blaming. We closed Gae-sung Industrial Complex which had no effect on North Korea. On the other hand, other countries supported North Korea with humanitarian aid when

South Korea was looking away.

Second, the possibility of war. I am 90% sure that there is no possibility of war or use of nuclear bomb because it doesn't have any merit on each side of Korea. Both Korea's final goal was reunification, but in their own form, but are we going to declare the war and blow each side up? If the final goal was just killing each other war might have broken out far past ago. But both sides want to rule and manage things so neither side is going to damage each other or themselves to reunify.

North Korea should be considered separately from military conflict or political conflict. If we claim we are the same race and the North Korea's area is our territory we have to make conditions to say so. It is not only about support but also establishing communication.

Those who supports the c policy ask "How can we live with enemy?" the North Korean problem is not just about military conflict but also a complex international diplomacy problem. We cannot just blame North Korea, citing our morality in diplomatic matters, especially when our morality is not so good itself.

During October and November, lot of bad things happened in Korea. The president was revealed to be controlled by a pseudo religion leader's daughter and that no single place was is not corrupt. For the outside condition, Donald Trump was elected as the president of the United States and he is tough on the North Korea problem. It is important to keep calm in this current situation. If we get closer to North Korea, Korea will be more powerful than ever. I wish people who believe attacking North Korea is the only way to solve this problem will read this article and think again more deeply.

By Choe Eu-Gen, Reporter, eugenechoe@naver.com

About Social Enterprise from society

A social enterprise forms a middle stage between a NPO and a commercial enterprise that pursued social destination and conducted business activities. The company offer social services and jobs to disadvantaged classes, offering merits to local developments.

Social enterprises started activities in the 1970s in many advanced territories like Europe and the United States. About 55000 companies worked in many different fields in Britain. The Korea Ministry of Labor has sponsored them from July, 2007.

Emerging the social enterprises is serious about a large number of social issues. A great majority of businesses carried out a large-scale restructuring because of the 1997 IMF financial crisis and the global financial crisis of 2007-08 in which many people lost their jobs. Many domestic economies went bankrupt and a chain of individuals, businesses and the nation was disconnected. Despite preparing a countermeasure, the government's role was not only limited, but also its solutions were not effective. So social enterprise is the last key

in this dilemma.

Big Issue Korea is a famous social enterprise to help the homeless. They published and sold magazines to support rehabilitation of the homeless. Marymond is a another well-known company to patronize Japanese Military Sexual Slavery for redesigning flower pictures that former slaves draw for psychiatric therapy.

Social enterprises must follow several rules. Form and purpose of organization, decision-making structure is accorded with certification requirements determined by the Social Enterprise Promotion Act. They must also pass the deliberation from the social enterprise committee. An authentic business can receive various merits of management support.

Social enterprises are seemingly good for society but there are pros and cons. A strong point is job creation. Social enterprises can sponsor self-support of vulnerable social group because employees of these companies organize the aged, the disabled, female and other disadvantaged groups. Profits are



reinvesting in the local community and the vulnerable to development of the community. On the other hand, Korean social enterprises are usually weighted towards providers of employment. Most of the positions are low paid temporary positions. It looks like increasing quantitatively but it is no growth qualitatively. Other nations that develop social enterprises have complete charge department but Korean doesn't, creating a problem due to lack of cooperation between governments and business.

By Park Su-Hyun, Reporter, hyunsihoo@naver.com

Train to Busan and Tunnel-Showing the sad reality of Korea

We say 2015 was the year of two movies, Inside Men and Veteran. These two movies sustained the social order and gave us cathartic feeling through the fall of the villains. But the real message is the frank depiction of Korea's corrupt authority. An increasing number of directors are delivering serious social messages, sometimes bluntly criticizing their governments and the sad state of affairs in their countries. The top two movies of last summer, Train to Busan and Tunnel can be understood in the same context. What the directors wanted to show is not the main character surviving difficulties, but the incompetence of the government and the media in these situations. The two movies are imaginary worlds, but sadly, the worlds they depict are too realistic to dismiss as a pastime.

The Korean zombie movie, Train to Busan, is quite different from Hollywood zombie movies. Instead of focusing on the battle between good (human) and evil (zombie), it focuses on human society. The story is simple. A strange virus spread, and passengers on the train, the main stage of the movie, started to become zombies. Some people, who are more realistic, betray their colleagues or sacrifice other people to survive, while others including the main characters, begin cooperating with each other and struggle to find hope. In this puzzled and dangerous situation, the incompetent government just repeats 'Everything is okay,' 'Trust and follow the government,' distorting the truth that the disaster is just a violent demonstration. Also, the media is busy just copying what the government says, not caring about the truth. The media is not interested in finding out the cause of the virus, but taking sensational pictures and clips to draw attention to their news. The government did nothing to protect its people, and the media wasn't interested in their right-know that they always emphasize. Most of the running time of the movie focuses on human selfishness,

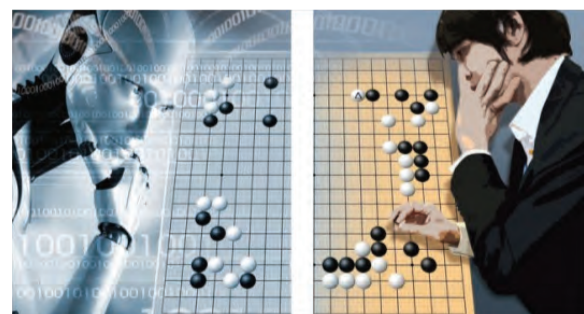
so criticism toward the society was dealt with briefly, but director Yeon Sang-Ho called serious questions in that time. As with recent issues such as MERS, Sewol ferry disaster and THAAD deployment, the film's incompetent government and careless media are not just settings for the movie, but direct imitations of reality.

Seemingly, Tunnel can be seen as just a plain disaster blockbuster, but it criticizes Korea sharply. The poster says, 'the most realistic blockbuster,' and this movie assumes a situation that any of us can experience, so the audiences can see the problems in preventing and dealing with disasters directly like when watching the evening news. An officer who wastes time asking useless questions and making meaningless distinctions, and the politicians who take pictures with the victim's family for their image enrage the views, but the images are not so unfamiliar. And just like Train to Busan, careless reporters appear in this movie. Not recognizing what is important, such as finding out how to claim rescue or whether the victim is still safe, they just struggle to find a scoop, and don't hesitate to call the victim not caring about his battery, and even distort his life story to attract people. Still, the government and media in the movie couldn't function at all. The satire doesn't end here. This movie also sheds light on the safety ignorance in Korea. In the process of fast development, we have cared about only time, not safety. What caused the disaster in the movie is the ignorance of safety rife all over the country, and we can see the result through the broken tunnel and the wrong blueprint on it. Any of us may face danger, and there may be nothing for us to lean on.

These two movies remind us of big issues during the last a few years, and at the same time, they serve as mirrors of our

present and previews of our future. Good examples exist right now, such as Sungju's noise regarding THAAD deployment. Did government have enough negotiation with the people in Sungju? Even in the situation Sungju opposes it, the government distorts the real problem, using the language such as 'foreign influence' and 'strange story.' The real media is also busy repeating what the government says, taking part in the growing dispute. The faithless government and media are not just movie fantasy, but a sad portrait of our generation. We have learned that it is more dangerous and stupid to follow the government. September's earthquake was big news because we directly experienced the seriousness of safety ignorance and the incompetent government in reality.

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Last March, there was a series of Go games that interested more people than ever. AlphaGo, a new AI program that Google DeepMind created, challenged Lee Se-Dol, the best GO player in Korea. Ever before the match, AlphaGO had begun attracting attention for beating the European champion, the first time AI beat a professional player. Most of people and even the experts anticipated Lee's victory, claiming that Go is human territory, and Lee Se-Dol also confidently predicted to win by 5-0 or 4-1. Not merely a Go match, but as a game that symbolizes the battle between human and AI, Google DeepMind Challenge

The Era of AI-Who will survive?

attracted people all over the world. Many cheered Lee Se-Dol, hoping him to show that humans are still superior to AI, so the result shocked the world. Except for the win of Lee Se-Dol on the fourth match, AlphaGo dominated the series, and beat him by 4-1. Watching the fiercely developing AI, people started to fear the future that AI robots will rule the world, and most of their jobs would be stolen.

New inventions have long replaced jobs. Ticket officers and box offices already have been replaced by automatic dispensers, and according to the experts, jobs related to simple accountancy and bank counter are also predicted to disappear. At the end of 2015, Nomura Research Institute in Japan and Oxford University teamed up to study the 100 jobs that are easiest and hardest for robots to replace. The easiest jobs are related to transportation. The developing automatic driving technology is predicted to threaten bus and taxi drivers and the delivery service. Jobs consisting of simple repeated tasks are also in danger, they said. Tax collectors, gas station clerks, real estate agents and even lawyers are also classified as risking. Some of the experts claim that AI programs will not replace human beings, but rather assist them, for example, a robot working in a court doesn't itself participate in the trial, but merely helps the lawyers finding appropriate precedents. Nevertheless, the harsh reality is that some occupations will disappear as technology develops.

But no matter how technology develops, there are jobs that AI

can't do, including those related to art such as songwriters, lyricists, cartoonists and designers. Jobs that need creativity, for example, copywriters, stylists or curators, are also classified the hardest for robots to replace. Another difficult area for AI is where communication with people is needed. Counselors, teachers and restaurant managers are difficult to be replaced, and doctors in this area are also relatively safe. Even two similar jobs can be divided two directions. Cuisine researchers and school cooks are both related with cooking, the former is a creative job, while the latter is easy to be replaced because the worker simply follows the same daily process. Also, the work of bank counters and travel agents seem similar, but travel agents need communication and have to face other people and make plans, so they are considered safer than bank tellers.

American economist Tyler Cowen once said, 'Average is over.' As the technology develops, capability of the individuals is getting more and more important. Human beings need to adapt to technology. Experts insist that we can't survive with a simple workforce that can be easily replaced, so employees should manage and cooperate with AI. Others say we have to make good use of our advantages that AI can't reproduce. As the human jobs that are relatively safe suggest, creativity, insight and capability to communicate are the last weapons human can use against AI. To survive in a rapidly changing era, and keep our dignity from the artificial technology, we have to accept the changes and forge a preparation.

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